# Anadarko Historic Resources Update Resurvey Report

# West Residential Area

and

**Business District** 

(includes National Register of Historic Places Downtown Historic District)

Prepared for the City of Anadarko August 2004

by
Cathy Ambler, Ph.D.
Preservation Consultant

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#### Introduction

In 1986 the Association of South Central Oklahoma Governments (ASCOG), located in Duncan, Oklahoma, prepared a Historic Structures Inventory of Anadarko, Oklahoma. This report was a basic inventory funded in part by federal funds from the National Park Service, Department of the Interior. The 1986 survey divided Anadarko into four residential areas: an East, West, North, South Residential, and the Downtown area. The Downtown area was evaluated later for eligibility as a historic district, and in December 1990, a core area was placed on the National Register of Historic Places.

The 1986 survey inventoried only residences or commercial buildings. It included photos of the selected building inventory, a brief architectural description and building construction dates. Many buildings were excluded based on insufficient age, or the appearance of insufficient age. In the West Residential District and the Downtown/Historic District alone approximately seventy buildings were excluded. Those that were surveyed are included in the survey publication, "Anadarko Preservation Plan, Volume One, Historic Inventory."

Almost twenty years have passed since the ASCOG study. This study is being updated, however. The East Residential area was resurveyed in 1992, for example, and a final report completed in 1994 for the Anadarko Certified Local Government.<sup>3</sup> As mentioned, the downtown area was resurveyed for the nomination of the Anadarko Downtown Historic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Block 62 in the West Residential District was not included in the 1986 survey, or in any other survey of the downtown area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A copy of this report is held by the City of Anadarko

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This survey located, identified, and documented potential districts, buildings, objects, structures and sites within the seventeen block area that might meet the criteria for listing on the National Register. The report found that while the history of the East Residential area was significant to Anadarko's past, there were not enough contributing residences for to define a historic district.

District to the National Register in 1990. This 2004 study updates two more sections of the 1986 inventory.

#### **Purpose**

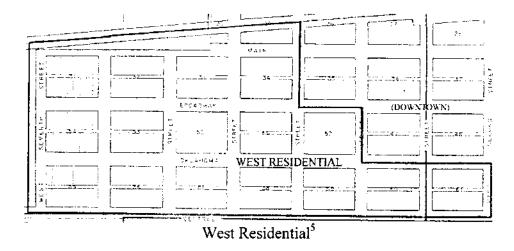
The purpose of this 2004 resurvey of the Downtown/Historic District and of the West Residential District was to:

- 1. Update the 1984 ASCOG inventory with black and white photographs and new inventory forms<sup>4</sup>
- 2. Evaluate each resource in the West Residential area for eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
  - 3. Define boundaries for potential national register districts.
- 4. Write reports on the potential for a West Residential historic district, and a brief status report on the downtown district including the changes that have occurred since the last survey, with trends that are both positive and negative.

#### **Methodology**

The resurvey the West Residential and the Downtown district was defined by 1986 boundaries. The West Residential district included the following area:

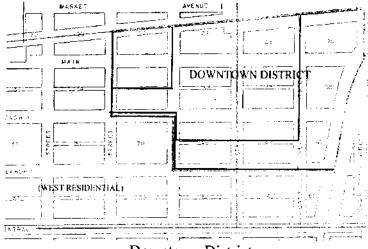
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> While the 2004 survey does not include structures or objects, it includes all residences that could be identified from field work, both single and multiple family, many of which sit along Anadarko's alleyways and contribute to the history of the community's growth.



The boundaries are the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad easement on the north (tracks now removed), Central Avenue on the south, and 7<sup>th</sup> Street on the west. On the east, the boundary follows West 3<sup>rd</sup> Street south from the northern boundary to Broadway, then east on Broadway to West 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, where it turns south again to West Oklahoma Street, and continues along West Oklahoma until the north/south Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific tracks and right-of-way. The West Residential area which includes Blocks 60, 61, and 62 is nearly all commercial.

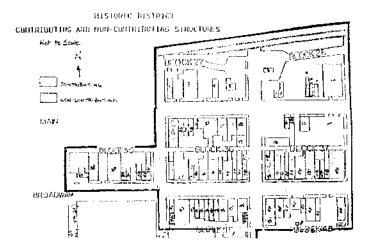
The Downtown district is shown below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Note that the streets divide the city into quadrants. Broadway and 1<sup>st</sup> Streets are the intersecting streets which divided the city into NW, NE, SE, SW sections. This affects street numbers, although at rare times, street numbers are not standardized by the traditional even/odd distinction of being on opposite sides of streets.



Downtown District

The downtown district boundaries are along the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad easement on the north (tracks now removed), south on West 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, then east along Broadway until West 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, and then south on West 2<sup>nd</sup> street to West Oklahoma. The line goes then east until it meets the north/south Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific right-of-way. This area includes the Downtown National Register District which is shown below. It is outlined lightly within the downtown district boundaries shown above.



Anadarko Downtown Historic District

The 2004 resurvey project included a visual survey of all the buildings, and photography of each building in both black and white and in digital formats. Black and white format meets the National Park Service standards for archival quality, and digital photographs are provided on CDRom so that the database information and photographs of buildings can be accessed quickly by the City of Anadarko.<sup>6</sup> The database allows the city staff to correct any technical errors and keep the survey current. Survey sheets, based on the Oklahoma State Historic Preservation Office's form, were completed for all buildings inventoried after the fieldwork was concluded, but new ones can be printed from the database as changes within the survey area occur. These forms were printed and are provided along with a black and white photograph of each building.

The survey data was entered into Microsoft Access database and survey numbers from 1986 were also included in the Inventory Form "vicinity" field, which offers a cross reference between the 1986 survey and the resurvey completed in 2004. Building that were not included in the 1986 survey are indicated by "none" in the "vicinity" field.<sup>7</sup>

A total of 357 inventory sheets were completed. A list of properties surveyed is included in this report, and a separate lists of those demolished (see Appendix C).<sup>8</sup> Several demolished properties have been replaced with new buildings since 1986, and some entries had missing or mistaken addresses and these are noted in the database.

Because the downtown area has been studied closely and a context has been written for the downtown National Register district, and for the U. S. Post Office, which is also National

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In the downtown district resurvey, corner buildings were photographed on both the main and side street facades.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Permission to do this was approved by the SHPO CLG coordinator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Some of these may have been moved rather than demolished but there is no information confirming such at this time.

Register structure in the survey area, the report of the downtown area is a brief, only noting changes that have occurred since the listing of the historic district.

The basis for the historical development of Anadarko, and hence the West Neighborhood residential area, is based on previously written historical contexts. For example, a community context, the "Architectural/Historic Intensive-Level Survey of the East Residential Neighborhood in Anadarko, Oklahoma," was written in the 1994 during the survey of the East Residential area and provides an excellent short overview of the Anadarko's community history. There are several useful histories of Anadarko which help explain this area's residential development, but the 1994 context provides a frame of development for the West Residential area. This 2004 resurvey report includes, however, a geographical overview and defines important characteristics of the neighborhood, including statistics on contributing and non-contributing structures, styles, etc. It also contains a recommendation for a possible historic district.

Other important resources were the 1986 "Anadarko Preservation Plan, Volume One," completed by ASCOG, and Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps from 1902, 1907, 1910, 1916, 1930, and 1950 (update of 1930). These maps are the primary resource for the 1986 study and were the resource referenced most of the time for the 2004 resurvey. There are almost no "crossed" telephone directories which list by street or by name, so the dates of construction are derived primarily from the Sanborn Maps. City building permits are on a three-year retention schedule, so there are no permits for important building periods. The Caddo County Tax Assessor has records of date on many structures and these dates were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Garages were not included in the survey/resurvey of the West Neighborhood residential area (unless they had a residence associated with them).

Prepared by the Oklahoma State Historic Preservation Office, Cynthia Smelker, Preservation Research Assistant, July 1994, 48 pgs.

used in some cases, although many are also estimates. Several buildings have estimated date of construction based on style of architecture when no other known source of information was available.

A difficulty encountered with using Sanborn maps for dating buildings should be noted. In Anadarko's case there is a gap in the maps between 1916 and 1930, a period when significant construction of residential units occurred in Anadarko. Between these years, the population of Anadarko increased significantly (despite a dip between 1910 and 1920). Population in the period between 1910 and 1945 grew more than 45%, and yet more accurate housing starts for the fourteen years cannot be accurately determined because of the map publication dates. Many houses believed to be constructed in C. 1930, may well have been built sometime between 1916 and 1930 instead. A similar problem exists for construction dates between 1930 and 1950 but there was far less construction during this 20 year period because of the Great Depression and World War II. Most of the West Residential housing stock was completed by World War II.

#### **Determining Eligibility**

Contributing and non-contributing determination was primarily based on age and architectural integrity.

#### West Residential

Contributing structures that retained their basic characteristics were considered contributing. Houses in the West Residential area are frequently not ideal versions, however, of a particular architectural style as defined by SHPO for survey purposes. For example, Bungalow characteristics are found on many kinds of houses, from National Folk to Folk Victorian. Changes to original house form, such as National Folk houses with Bungalow

characteristics, were considered contributing because houses are expected to exhibit changes over time. If the characteristics of the change are also over fifty years old, then both the original house form and the changes were considered as having integrity. An example is the National Folk house with a type of Bungalow porch.



603 West Oklahoma

Non-contributing buildings were considered to be those that were not of sufficient age for listing, such as 602 West Oklahoma, constructed in C. 1985, or new construction at 508 W. Oklahoma, c. 2004.



602 West Oklahoma



508 West Oklahoma

Buildings that had lost integrity were also considered non-contributing. Examples are at



312 West Main

312 West Main, once a duplex, has had a pair dormers removed since 1986. At 313 West Main, additions and alterations have changed the characteristics of a modest hipped roof, National Folk house.



313 West Main

The West Residential district has forty-two Bungalow/Craftsman houses, about 25% of the housing stock. A change worth noting on nearly half of them is the replacement of porch posts which once were most likely brick and wood piers (a common characteristic of the Bungalow/Craftsman style) with openwork metal posts. Further research is recommended on these replacements to determine when they occurred, or to discover if they are perhaps a regional change pattern. An example of this is can be seen at 329 West Broadway.



329 West Broadway

This house has had alterations, which may not be visible in this photo print, where the two porch posts on each side of the stair opening have been replaced with open metal work posts.

Maps are provided for the West Residential area showing both contributing and non-contributing properties (Page 39-40). There is also a map with dates of construction and a map which proposes boundaries for a residential historic district. For the downtown, no new maps were produced because there is already a listed district. Construction dates and contributing and non-contributing buildings have been determined. One can find a copy of the National Register nomination for Anadarko Downtown Historic District at the SHPO office in Oklahoma City.

#### **Downtown District**

The Business District as defined by the 1986 report is unlike the West Residential district because reevaluation of contributing and non contributing buildings took place during the preparation of a National Register nomination for the downtown historic district. The district does not include all buildings within the Business District, however, so those not in the district were reviewed for contributing and non-contributing status. Contributing and non-contributing determination primarily was based on age and architectural integrity. Change is expected in commercial structures, especially at a store façade's entry level. If a building was two-story, the second story was considered first for integrity. If a one story building, then the entry façade was considered for character changing alterations.

#### **Population Data**

Population figures are referenced in this report and a chart is provided for convenience.

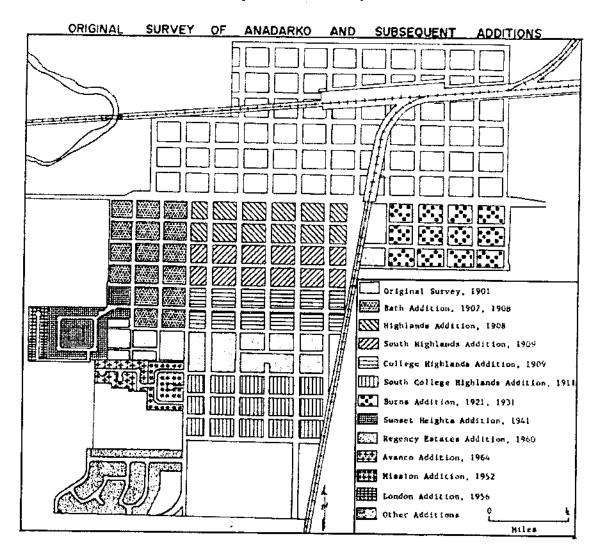
1907	<u>1910</u>	1920	1930	1940	1950
2190	3439	3116 (-	5036	5579	6184
	(+64%)	9.5%)	(+61%)	(+11%)	(+10.75)

1960	1970	1980	1990	2000
6299	6682	6378 (-	6586	6624
(+1.8%)	(+6%)	4.5%)	(+3.3%)	(+.09%)

Anadarko Population and Approximate %Increases and Decreases11

<sup>\*\*</sup>Anadarko Oklahoma, A Plan for Development," Institute of Community Development through the University of Oklahoma Research Institute, Project #1155, Norman, OK, 1958, 10. Also see "Caddo County Residential Housing Market Analysis," Center for Business and Economic Development, Norman, OK, 2002, 8. On the web site: <a href="http://www.ohfa.org/HDT/MarketStudy/Caddo%20County.pdf">http://www.ohfa.org/HDT/MarketStudy/Caddo%20County.pdf</a>. The report derives its numbers from the Oklahoma Department of Commerce and the United States Census Bureau. Also see Cynthia Smelker, "Final Survey Report Architectural/Historical Intensive-Level Survey of the East Residential Neighborhood in Anadarko, Oklahoma", Oklahoma State Historic Preservation Office, July 1994, 26.

Subdivisions are referenced in this report and a chart is provided for convenience.



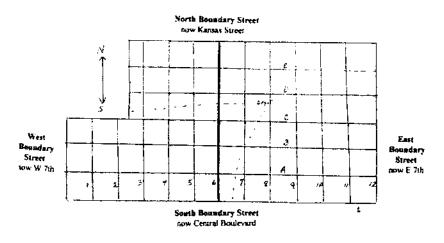
Subdivision Map of Anadarko and Date Platted<sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Pitman, Leon S. "Anadarko, Oklahoma: A Study in Urban Geography," M. A. Thesis, University of Oklahoma, 1966, 34.

#### West Residential

Anadarko sits beside the Washita River, a river which was once an important to many native peoples before immigrants arrived. Anadarko became a creation of the federal government in August 1901 when lands once owned by Choctaws and Chickasaws were auctioned off for both rural and Anadarko town sites to settlers and speculators.

<sup>10</sup> The original townscape encompassed sixty-six blocks as shown on this sketch map.



Original Town Plat<sup>11</sup>

The town was platted on a grid, with wide 100' streets running east/west and 90' streets running north/south directions. Streets were generous and in the original plat, 36.6% of the town was in streets and alleys. This caused later criticism as wasteful of town property.

Pitman, 25. Also see Michael Cassity, National Register Nomination "Randlett Park, Caddo County, Oklahoma," 2003, Section 8, 25-26.

Anadarko Centennial Book <u>Our First 100 years: 1901-2001</u>. Anadarko Chamber of Commerce, Oklahoma City, OK: Globe Color Press, 2001, 78. There is an early plat map preserved on linen at the Philomathic Pioneer Museum, Anadarko Depot.

The town was platted on a grid by the federal government. See Kathleen Winters, "An Economic and Historic Profile of Anadarko, Oklahoma Central Business District, M.A. Thesis, University of Oklahoma, 1990, 25. Many towns' streets were platted so that wagons could be turned around in the street easily because it was difficult to back horses and wagons.

With 5% of the town's land in railroad right of way, nearly 42% was unavailable in the original town plat for residential or commercial use (i.e., producing taxes or income). 13

Railroad tracks of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad existed in 1899 before the town's founding and the town site was partially selected because of the railroad. <sup>14</sup>

Other tracks that soon were laid as the railroad services grew and the tracks crossed the street grid as they moved through the town in two directions. The grid remained persistent, however, as streets accommodated the tracks. The railroad was elemental in creating the economic core of Anadarko early, as the town became a regional freight hub. Up until about the 1930s, the railroad provided shipping and receiving for cotton, corn, peanuts, wheat, livestock, produce, building materials and manufacturing goods. Such economic influence helped assure Anadarko's early affluence. <sup>15</sup>

The town site was somewhat restricted for easy growth outside its platted boundaries because of the circumstances of its origin. As a federal creation, the land around the community was not all in private hands. The area north of city limits was federally held; to the east, land was reserved for a Native American campground or fairground (shared with town residents and Native Americans); to the west, was the Washita River's flood plain and more government land. To the south, there were Native American allotments and the Methodist Episcopal Mission Society. Small additions began as early as 1904 however, when the Randlett Park area was added to the original town site. In 1907 the Bath Addition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> "Anadarko, Oklahoma: A General Plan, Institute of Community Development, Project #1155, Norman, OK: University of Oklahoma, 1958, 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The territorial government was not empowered to grant railroad easements so Congress had to vote such. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company was permitted to twelve easements in Sections 13-16, 20, T6N, R10W in Anadarko. See Anadarko Centennial Book, <u>Anadarko: Our First 100 Years</u>, 28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Winters, 28

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Smelker, 15-16, 18-19.

was the first of a series of residential additions which added building lots only to the southwest of the original plat (see page 13).

The West Residential district, therefore, was platted first and has many of the community's oldest homes. At the auction of town sites the most expensive residential sites sold were along South Boundary (now West Central). The town plat included sixty-six blocks with three blocks reserved for schools and one block reserved for the courthouse. In the West Residential district, there are still single blocks for both the courthouse and for school use although the elementary, junior high or high schools that were once at this site no longer exist.

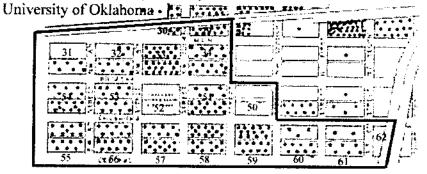
The street names have changed several times since the town was platted. Originally the north/south streets were numbered and the east/west were given alphabetical letters. The city limits were North, South, West or East Boundary Streets. By 1904 the east/west streets were renamed to today's current use. Sometime between 1930 and 1941 the north/south streets were renumbered with Sixth Street becoming First Street. One can still see "Sixth" written in the WPA poured concrete at street corner intersections of 1st and Broadway, so the renumbering probably occurred after 1936.

The blocks west of 4<sup>th</sup> Street are divided into sixteen lots. East of 4<sup>th</sup>, they are divided for commercial use, and though Blocks 34, 51, and 58 are now residential in nature, they were divided into thirty-two commercial lots as an anticipated commercial area surrounding the courthouse in Block 50. Blocks 59, 60, 61 were also divided into thirty-two lots, but historically, these blocks also had many residents living there. A 1957 population map

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Smelker, 31-2.

shows the West Residential district with residents living close to the main street business or jobs associated with agribusiness along the railroad tracks.

Each dot represents one average size family (3.08 persons) Field Survey, August 1957 Institute of Community Development



Population Distribution West Residential

Compare this map with the 2004 map of buildings present in these same blocks. The old mix of residential and business together has almost disappeared in Blocks 59-62. A residual example of residential and business share Block 60, Lot #1, along Northeast 1<sup>st</sup> Street





102 1/2 Northeast 1st

100 Northeast 1st

The West Residential district landscape is nearly flat, with a change in topography only as the river is approached west of town. This is particularly apparent along West Broadway where houses are sited on a knoll above the street which enters Randlett Park.



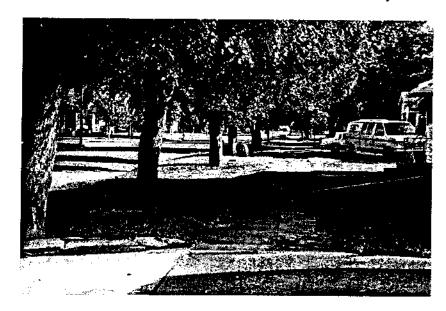
600 Block of West Broadway

There are wide grassy easements between houses and the streets which have been mostly maintained through different construction eras. Note in the previous photo print that the houses are mostly set back at a uniform distance.

Most blocks have sidewalks that completely surround them.



Looking North at Corner of 3<sup>rd</sup> and West Broadway



Looking North on 4th Street toward Main Street

While the grassy easements create a sense of space on wide streets, they are also frequently planted with trees. Many trees have been replaced over the years but on some blocks they have not. The 600 block of West Oklahoma has an example new and old easement trees as well as open space where trees have either died or been removed and not replanted.



600 Block of West Oklahoma Looking West

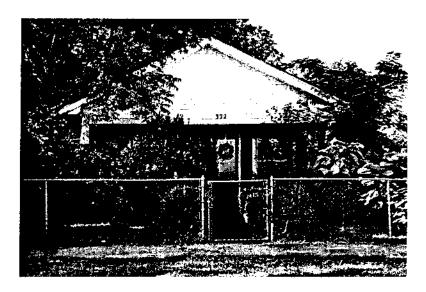
The town was founded before most people owned automobiles, but the neighborhood accommodated the automobile well. Curb cuts and drives from the streets to detached garages at the rear of lots and parking pads allow accommodation for cars. The wide grassy easement between sidewalk and street enables owners to use the space for extra vehicles, although many neighbors use street parking as well.



West Broadway, Looking Northwest

The view down West Broadway between 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Streets shows curb cuts, parking pads, and garage additions.

Another significant characteristic of the West Residential area is the general absence of front yard fencing. Some exists, as seen 322 West Main, but it is low and chain link which helps keep the streetscape open.



322 West Main

Alleyways are an important feature of the West Residential area. They provide service areas for garages, alley houses, and storage buildings, as well as utility wires. This alley down Block 33 looking west shows its practical nature.



Block 33 Alley Looking West

The West Residential area is reflective of the town's history. By statehood, Anadarko had 2190 residents and the central business district grew rapidly as it became the service center for Caddo County with an economy largely dependent on cotton culture. Cotton was significant in Anadarko's history. Not only was cotton shipped out of the area through Anadarko, but also its associated products such as cotton seed oil. Wheat was another important crop so that by 1904, the community had a cotton gin and a flour mill and elevator; the necessary buildings to assist in the processing of agricultural products. By 1908 there were two flour mills, two grain elevators, two cotton gins, a broom factor and cotton seed oil press. By the 1920s, such agribusiness expanded with more cotton gins, elevators, four mills and a creamery.

The early period of the town's growth is reflected in the number of residences that are still present from this early period (just before and after statehood) within the West Residential area. There are sixty-two residences and of these, forty-seven are contributing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>" Anadarko's Historic Contexts, the 1989 Preservation Plan Update." No author and no paging. See Section E. Commerce and Urban Development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Smelker, 22-23. Also see Pitman, 26.

and the predominating styles are National Folk and Folk Victorian. During the period from 1910-1919, thirty-three residences remain with twenty contributing. Of these the most architectural styles are either Bungalow/Craftsman, Folk Victorian or National Folk with about even representation.

While houses were constructed steadily within the area over time, open lots could remain for years as owners held them for speculation or until they eventually built houses. This type of development created great diversity in architectural style in many blocks as different decades produces different construction patterns. (See Dates/Contributing/Non-Contributing Map, page 39 and 40) Proximity to down town, the general lack of residential building lots in Anadarko elsewhere, and its prime location between the business district and Randlett Park made housing in the West Residential area desirable. By 1920, little vacant land was available in this older established neighborhood.

The '20s were an interesting period in Anadarko's history. The discovery of oil affected the town's prosperity. From the first well dug in Caddo County as early as 1916, to 1922 when 2000 barrels per day were being produced, oil has been credited for the population increase in Anadarko during the 1920s. During this decade, the town population increased from 3115 in 1920, to 5036 in 1930. The rise in population resulted in a demand for housing. While a subdivision (Burns Addition-1921) was platted for new residential housing, there was also a demand for multi-family housing as well, and one location for much needed extra housing in the West Residential district was along alleyways. Anadarko has fifteen extant alley houses in the West Residential area, fourteen of which were built by 1935 to accommodate demand. Good examples of these multifamily units are 310 ½, 312 West Oklahoma and 515 ½ West Oklahoma.



515 1/2 West Oklahoma

310 1/2 West Oklahoma



312 1/2 West Oklahoma

Most are simple, practical, small structures although some built later, in the late '40s were more fashionable.



407 1/2 West Broadway

Although there was an expanding oil economy, Anadarko during the 20's was still economically grounded in agriculture. Other economic forces were present, however, such as the Kiowa Indian Agency. The agency's activities affected both jobs and trade in the area as it distributed monies gained from rental payments for grazing allotments and mineral rights to Native Americans.<sup>20</sup>

Anadarko's growth in the 1920s coincided nationally with ideals about city beautification that were being played out in major metropolitan areas. These ideals were being embraced by towns everywhere across the United States. Women, usually middle-class, were learning how to make their communities aware of sanitation problems, cleanliness and public beauty.<sup>21</sup> The legacy can be seen nationally in most towns in tree-shaded boulevards and undulating parks.<sup>22</sup>

With concepts that the community could be fashioned into something better, Anadarko engaged in its own projects. The history of Randlett Park is an example of the community's active interest in city beautification. In 1917, the Ladies Improvement Society and the City Park Board invited J. H. Cravens, a landscape gardener from the University of Oklahoma, to create a plan for Randlett Park.<sup>23</sup> The town was not content with just having a functional park (for the generation of the town's electricity), but the park was to be a place of beauty,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Smelker, 23-24.

The city during the 1920s put in sewer and improved gas service. It had begun electrical service as early as 1904. With money from the sale of lots, the city had put in an early light and water system. See John Jasper Methvin, "In the Limelight: or History of Anadarko (Caddo County) and Vicinity from the Earliest Days," no publisher, no date, 103-104.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Wilson, William H. <u>The City Beautiful Movement</u>. (Baltimore, OH: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 1989), 302.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Cassity, 32.

well planned and constantly improved.<sup>24</sup> The legacy of the park's development as a place of beauty is evident today.

The ideal, and the legacy of tree planting, is also evident in Anadarko. The median strip along Central Avenue became the much desired tree-shaded boulevard when elm trees were set out for a mile along the street in 1921. <sup>25</sup> Residents along the street were expected to water and care for these trees. While the elms are now gone, replacement trees still grace the median in Central Avenue.

Along with the Anadarko ladies' desire to beautify the town, the <u>Anadarko Tribune</u> prodded citizens to clean up their yards, get rid of rats, and paint their houses.<sup>26</sup> Cravens, while in Anadarko in 1923, continued to urge beautification of residential streets and suggested that each street's residents meet and decide which trees to plant along the grassy medians.<sup>27</sup>

In 1925, the county was doing well as it was 3<sup>rd</sup> in the state in cotton production, and prosperity encouraged support for better streets and roads.<sup>28</sup> Building styles in the '20s, changed, as did the times. When the new Burns addition was added to the city in 1921, the newspaper bragged that the new houses to would be modern homes, not with "gingerbread extras," which was a disdainful poke at earlier more decorative Folk Victorian styles.<sup>29</sup> From the '20s, seventeen houses remain in the West Residential area, and fourteen of them are

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Cassity, 31-32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Anadarko Tribune, May 19, 1921.

Anadarko Tribune, May 5, 1921. Also see Pitman, 26-7. Cotton production tripled in the 1920s.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Anadarko Tribune, January 11, 1923 and Anadarko Tribune, April 16, 1925.

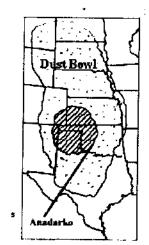
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Ibid., February 2, 1922, March, 8, 1923, March 12, 1925, October 11, 1923,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Anadarko Times, June 2, 1921.

contributing. Although styles are mixed, Bungalow/Craftsman is the preferred building style.

Population pressure from the '20s resulted in construction started which are credited to the 1930s. Not only was alley housing constructed, but also forty-one new residences were built in the West Residential area. The majority of these were either Bungalow/Craftsman in style, or Modern Movement, although National Folk, an older paradigm, was still constructed.

Anadarko, like all Oklahoma communities, experienced hard times during the 1930s as the Great Depression devastated economic conditions nationwide. In the 1930s the price for



marketable goods plummeted and because Caddo County had a large agricultural base, farmers bore the brunt.<sup>30</sup> Near to the heart of the Dust Bowl, Anadarko's population was troubled by both drought and depression.<sup>31</sup> As a consequence, federal construction projects directed by the Works Progress Administration became crucial to the survival of Anadarko and similar agricultural towns. Such projects created both jobs and hope. Two projects in 2004 resurvey were the Post Office,

now a listed property, and the Anadarko Police Station which has been modified significantly since 1986 with an addition.<sup>32</sup> Both of these buildings are in the Business District of the 1986 Survey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Winters, 30.

The Daily Ardmoreite, (Ardmore, Oklahoma), Wednesday, 15 April 1998, printed this Dust Bowl map.

Another significant building constructed with New Deal monies, was the community building, which is now demolished and a grandstand at the fairgrounds. See <u>Anadarko Tribune</u>, January 6, 1937. The WPA also built the armory at Randlett Park (Cassity, Section 8, 36).

A vivid reminder of the WPA's impact in the West Residential neighborhood, however, are the numerous driveways and sidewalks stamped with the "WPA" emblem and a date. By 1937, 98,000 square feet (sf) of concrete had been laid in Anadarko, and 72,000 sf was in sidewalks. The Anadarko Tribune claimed near the end of the project that more side walks were still needed and it knew of enough requests to lay at least another 14,000 sf. 33

While the nation struggled with the depression, Anadarko did too. The town's population managed to grow slightly during the 1930s but only because of a change in city boundaries and because the number of births outnumbered deaths.<sup>34</sup> Many rural residents left the county side to find work or relief in towns, while some moved as tenants to farm small amounts of acreage.<sup>35</sup> Despite the attempts to change the town's economic base from one crop to multiple ones, the county still led the state in cotton production in 1930 and in 1931, Caddo County led in the amount of cotton ginned. A 1931 promotional piece for the town noted that it was getting out of the one crop system (cotton) and planting seed corn, cane, kaffir corn and wheat, but it was difficult to change farming patterns.<sup>36</sup> Eventually, however, peanuts cotton would replace cotton as a primary crop.

During the 1940s, population grew again, especially after World War II when the town gained 605 new residents. In the West Residential area, however, only five houses are extant from the 1940s; and most are Modern Movement. The town's new housing starts moved from Anadarko's original town plat, to new additions such as the 1941 Sunset Heights, or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Anadarko Tribune, June 9, 1937.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Pitman, 29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Pitman, ibid., 27.

Williams, Dr. R. W., Anadarko, Oklahoma. 1931 promotional piece. Oklahoma State Historical Society F704.A5 A5.

perhaps new houses filled vacant lots in the Bath, Highlands, South Highlands, College Highlands, Burns and Burns II additions which already existed (see map on page 13).

Anadarko entered a period in the 1950s when people began to be attracted to urban centers such as Oklahoma City, and Lawton, and the town found itself sandwiched in between. As transportation improved, shopping patterns and market centers began to change. The West Residential neighborhood saw little change because population grew but only very slowly. From 1950 until 2000, the population of Anadarko would increase, but only slightly, from 6184, to 6645 in 2000. During this decade, the changes in the build environment occurred mostly in businesses close to the down town area.

The most noticeable change in the West Residential between the 1950s and 2004 has come in Blocks 59-61. Note the 1957 map on page14 for the high density within much of the West Residential area. Now, the residential is all but gone and many other buildings have been removed. Blocks have primarily open space with only twenty-nine buildings from earlier periods of construction. The remaining house has been converted into a business and while there are still two residences, one is currently vacant. This area in 1957 had thirty-nine families living in the Blocks 59-61.<sup>37</sup>

Economically, the Caddo County area economic base in 2004 is still primarily concentrated in agriculture (crops and livestock), oil and manufacturing. Major employers are the school district, city government, Western Farmers Electric Coop, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Golden Peanut Company.<sup>38</sup> Another significant and increasing part of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Block 62 always has been an industrial block with businesses such as ice plants, elevators, wagon sheds and a steam laundry.

<sup>38 &</sup>quot;Caddo County Residential Housing Market Analysis," Center for Business and Economic Development, Norman, OK, 2002, 14. One of the most important employers, Hollytex Carpet Mills, left Anadarko in 2000.

local economy is tourism. Beginning in 1924, the American Indian Exposition became an annual event. With the Philomathic Museum, the Southern Plains Indian Museum, Indian City and the National Hall of Fame for Famous American Indians, Anadarko attracts tourists whose spending has become a significant provider within the local economy.<sup>39</sup>

## Analysis of West Residential

The bulk of housing in the West Residential area is single-family, middle income, with a scattering of multiple-family, some as alley houses and some duplexes that are among single family dwellings. The majority of the houses, 174 of 202<sup>40</sup> total inventoried, were constructed between 1900 and 1954. The architectural styles reflect the time period in which they were constructed. Of the 202 buildings, forty-two were National Folk. Examples are at 315 West Central, and 404 West Main. Twenty-eight of these houses were constructed before 1910.





315 West Central

404 West Main

Another early house form was Folk Victorian and there are twenty of these homes. All but one were constructed before 1910. Examples of these homes are at 514 West Broadway and 406 West Main which are nearly identical.

Smelker, 25.
 This includes the blocks 62, 61, and 60 which are commercial in nature.





514 West Broadway

406 West Main

The Bungalow/Craftsman style of home was also popular between 1902 and 1930 and forty-two were constructed. This type of house has numerous variations; sometimes merged styles create interesting forms. One of the most important characteristics to a Bungalow/Craftsman house is its porch. Examples of include 609 West Central and 502 West Broadway.



609 West Central



502 West Broadway

Modern Movement houses number thirty. This category of house can span a range of dates, as it does in the West Residential and can include both minimal traditional houses and Ranch. Good examples are at 615 West Broadway and 410 West Main.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Some have had significant alterations, such as the VFW building on West Main.





615 West Broadway

410 West Main

With the neighborhood virtually constructed by 1950, later construction, beginning in the 1960s, five new houses between 1960-69 replaced earlier ones.<sup>42</sup>

Warrior Gym was constructed in C. 1973 in Block 52, which was an original reserve for educational purposes. Along with the gym, is a partial building constructed in C. 1953 as an addition, which was once part of the high school that burned in 2002. Along with these few public buildings, are four churches: Presbyterian, Christian, Methodist and First Baptist (now Acorn Child Care). At one time, Holy Family Catholic Church also was within the West Residential area, at 5<sup>th</sup> Street and West Oklahoma although it was set apart somewhat from the other churches which are on 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Streets. This site is now an apartment complex built in 1975.

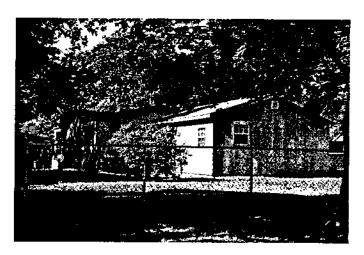
The presence of the churches along 3<sup>rd</sup> Street is significant to the West Residential area. Historically, in many communities one finds a church street, or areas where local churches are built fairly close, as they are in Anadarko. Typically within walking distance of the parishioners who would use them, churches are frequently nestled among or close to residential areas. In this case, the churches anchor the neighborhood's boundary from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Other styles are represented in the West Residential such as revival, or moderne, but these are very few.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> A new high school is south of town.

busy courthouse block, and the commercial blocks to the east. They sit in near park-like settings, and are large impressive structures. Along with the Masonic Temple, also an imposing structure along the west side of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, the Presbyterian, Methodist, and Baptist churches on 3<sup>rd</sup> street help define community use patterns in the community between social, commercial and private.<sup>44</sup>

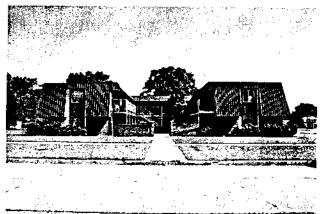
New infill in the West Residential has occurred since the 1986 survey with the introduction of three mobile homes. These homes have no construction date because it is difficult to know when they were fabricated. The introduction of this type of home changes the permanent nature of the West Residential to some degree. Two are on corner blocks, meet traditional setbacks and have landscaping which helps integrate them into the neighborhood, but one home sits far back from the normal setback, is accessed only from the alley, and is cut off from the street by fence with no gate. This mobile home's placement at 412 West Main is not consistent with the rest of the West Residential area.



412 West Main

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> The Masonic Lodge was designed by Paul Harris, architect. It is likely that he is the same Paul Harris who designed structures in Lawton, Chickasaw, and Altus, and many schools in southwest Oklahoma.

Other new infill is apartment complexes, non-traditional in the West Residential area. The Landmark Apartment complex has fourteen units and is sited so the building is across three lots in block 53. It does not sit at near the traditional setback for the neighborhood, but the two wings that face the street give some illusion of single unit construction which helps it fit better within the existing neighborhood. The building is out of scale in comparison to the existing single family dwellings, however.





501-503 West Oklahoma, Landmark Apartments

501-505 West Oklahoma, Elms

Another apartment complex that has been recently added to the West Residential area is the Elms Housing at 501-505 West Oklahoma. This unit is new infill and does not maintain traditional neighborhood patterns in setback and how sited on residential lots. It is recessed back from the street with parking pad in front, which is unusual for the most part in the West Residential. The introduction of this building pattern changes the rhythm, scale pattern that is present at the majority of building sites in the West Residential area. This block's integrity was compromised to some degree previously though with the addition of large garages which are recessed and associated with the Smith Funeral Home.

To preserve the integrity of the West Residential district's historical development, when demolitions occur and replacement housing is constructed, following guidelines such as the Secretary of the Interior's Standards (which are recommended in Anadarko's Preservation Guidelines) will help. Basic patterns of scale, pattern, layout, setback, and rhythm define the West Residential neighborhood. An example of new construction that does this is well is 331 West Oklahoma. Constructed C. 2003, the house sits easily in the neighborhood because it does confirm to scale, patterns, layout, setbacks and rhythms existing in the West Residential area. Blending new and old happens over many years as the neighborhood's develops a strong sense of place.



331 West Oklahoma

The number of demolitions in the West Residential area between 1986 and 2004 is twenty-one houses. 45 Some new construction has taken place but demolitions have also resulted in empty lots. An example is the three vacant lots in the 500 block of West Broadway.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> It is possible some structures were moved to other sites although none has been confirmed.



5th and West Broadway, Looking Northwest

New construction on such lots can enhance the neighborhood as a whole, but such space can attract new oversized homes as well. New construction can enhance the existing residences however, with careful attention to neighborhood patterns in the planning and permitting process.

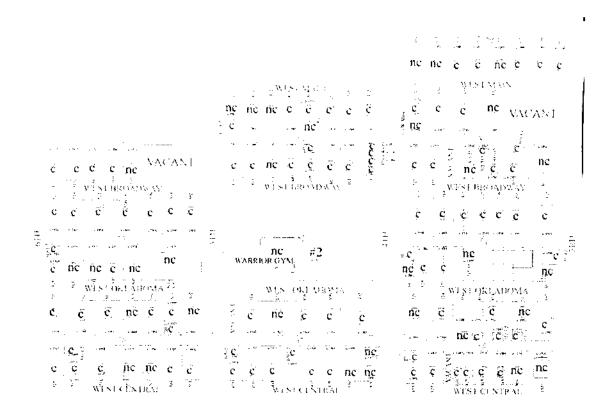
Some turnover between residential and commercial has transpired along West Central at 307 West Central (car wash C. 1999), 505 West Central (Cosmic Tanning c. 1910), and 511 West Central (Accent Gifts, c. 1950). Only Cosmic Tanning remains a residence; the other two are later commercial infill. The West Residential area has been a district of single and multiple family dwellings traditionally, therefore later commercial enterprises do not conform to traditional land use.

#### Recommendations

The West Residential area illustrates the development of the City of Anadarko. The district is part of the original town site, and as such, construction in the neighborhood follows the economic ups and down of the community. As Anadarko grew, so did the neighborhood. It has an interesting history as nearly a land locked area for a number of years which created

demand for the lots that were available. Many residents responded to the demand for housing in the 1920-30s as the population exploded, by simply fitting multiple family dwellings to the alley way of existing lots.

A possible historic residential exists in blocks 29 (south half) 32 (south half), 33, 34, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57 and 58 (See Map 3, Proposed District). This recommendation would exclude lots 55, 54, and 31, which edge Randlett Park. These blocks have a significant number of non-contributing houses which would detract from the integrity of the proposed district. Block 30 would be excluded as well because it has few buildings and half are non-contributing. The more commercial blocks 59, 60, 61, and 62 would also be excluded. While this includes the park-like, and mostly open, Block 52 with Warrior Gym. This block was an important original reserved lot for educational purposes. The proposed district has one hundred twenty-six buildings both single and multiple family. There are ninety-one contributing buildings, about 72% and 35 non-contributing buildings or about 28%.



Proposed District Boundaries (see Map 3, Area Enlarged)

Overall, the proposed West Residential district is entwined with Anadarko's historical development and the period of population growth simulated by economic good times.

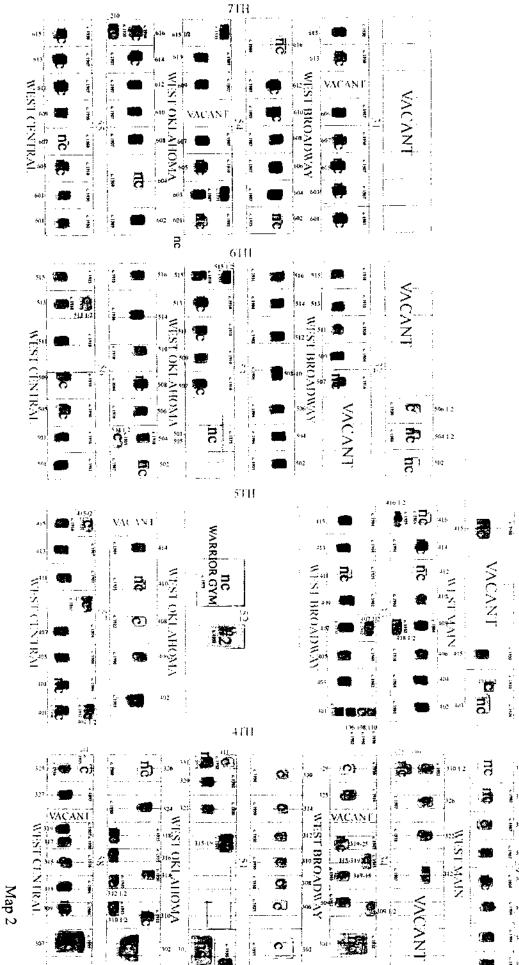
Platted as the town's first residential district, housing styles reflect the periods when Folk Victorian, National Folk, Bungalow/Craftsman and Modern Movement were popular.

Overall, the proposed West Residential district would have a significant number of early houses from the territorial period.

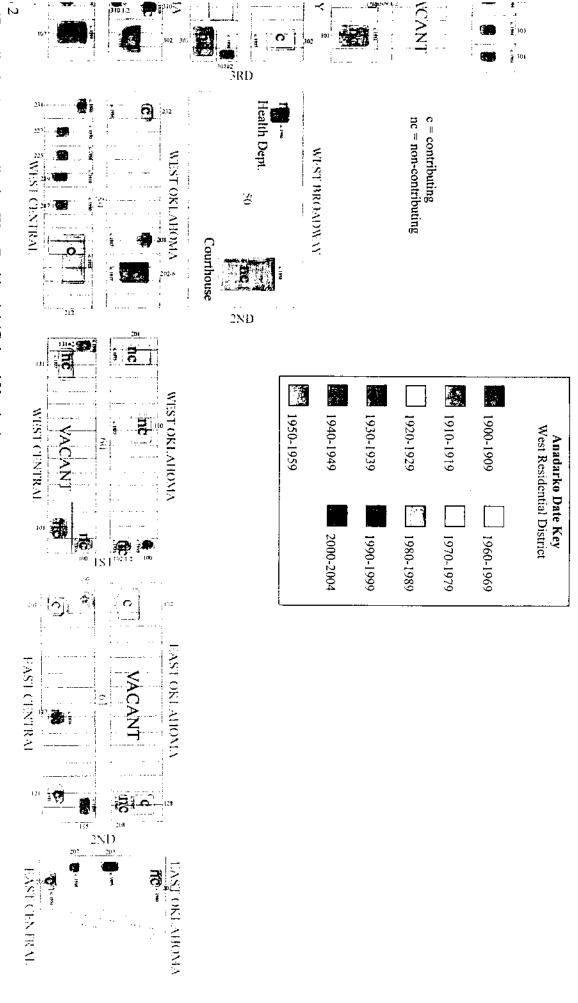
The area has not lost its integrity in terms of use patterns. Blocks are still divided by alleys, houses share similar set backs, they are of mostly comparable size, and share similar mass and scale. The width of north/south and east west streets has not changed which give the neighborhood a distinct "roomy" feel. Central Avenue is the proposed south boundary and it still has a grassy median which is planted to trees, which was elemental to city

beautification in the 1920s. Third Street remains a natural barrier with churches and the Masonic Lodge as dividers between commercial and residential space. The proposed historic residential district would be naturally bounded on the north by the railroad right-of-way and on the south by Central Avenue.

The proposed West Residential district conveys a sense of historic and architectural distinction that reflects the time and place it developed. The district is a context for the community's history of the economic boom days, especially as a nearly "contained" residential space during an important growth period, and it has a high degree of its own integrity in location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and the association of houses. Under Criteria A, the proposed West Residential district can be significant not only for the way it was originally established, but also for the way it adapted at a later period, or for the way it illustrates changing tastes, attitudes, and uses over a period of time. Under Criteria C, the proposed West Residential district encompasses the residential development of a town between 1907 and 1954, characterized by buildings of various styles and eras of popular architectural taste.



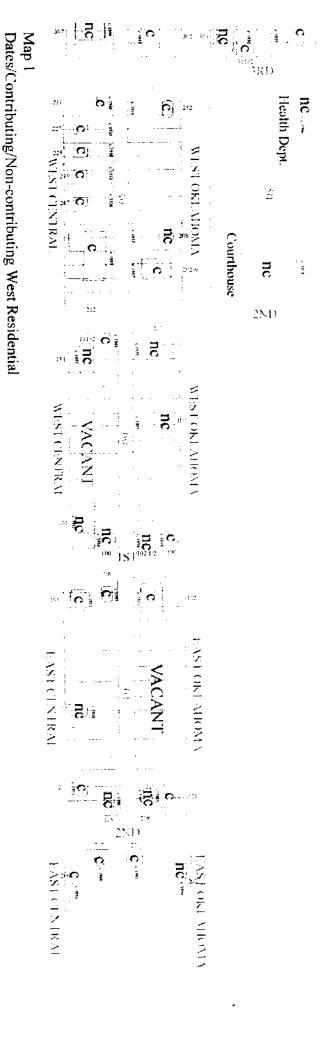
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:s/Contributing/Non-contributing West Residential (Colored Version)

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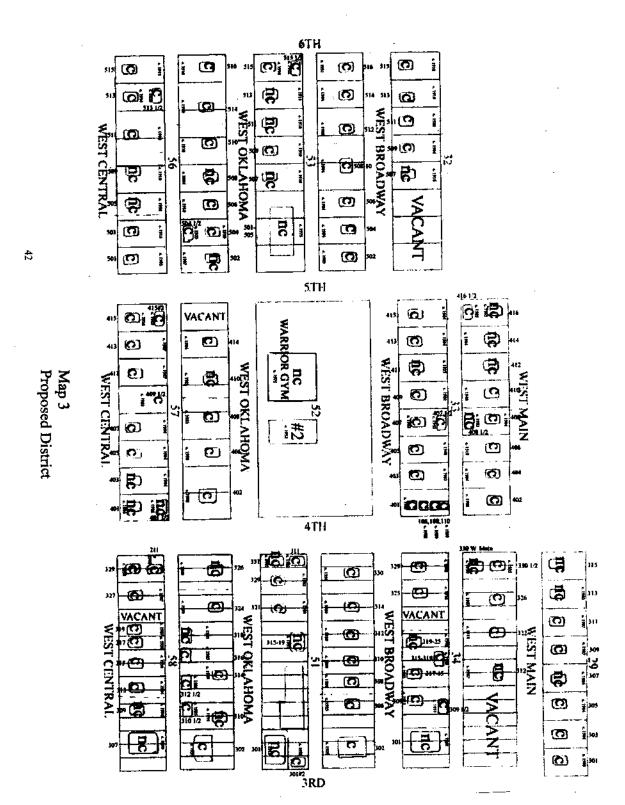
Map 1 Dates/Cor



Dates/Contributing/Non-contributing West Residential

<u>-</u>

MUST BROADWAY



#### **Downtown District Status Report**

The Downtown District, at defined by the 1986 ASCOG report was resurveyed and photographed for the 2004 Anadarko Historic Resources Update project. This area includes 129 structures within the Downtown Historic District, which is now listed on the National Register (1990) and buildings within the ASCOG defined area.

The most significant changes that have occurred in the Downtown Historic District since it was last surveyed for nomination status are demolitions. Demolitions have occurred at:

Address	Building type	Status	Date
116 East Main	one-story concrete block building	non-contributing	c. 1970
115 East Main	two-story, stuccoed concrete block	non-contributing	c. 1925
113 East Main	two-story, stuccoed concrete block	non-contributing	c. 1925
107 East Main	one-story, commercial style	contributing	c. 1920
105 East Main	one-story; commercial style	contributing	c. 1925
109-11 West Main	warehouse behind, concrete block	contributing <sup>44</sup>	c. 1910
113 West Main	two-story, one left of original six	contributing	c. 1911

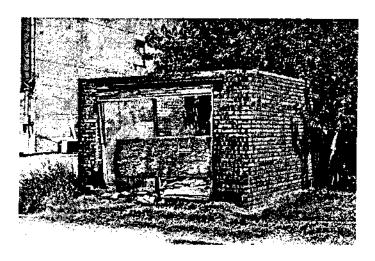
In the Business District area, one demolition has occurred outside the Historic District boundaries in 1986 and it was considered a contributing structure at that time.

213-215 East Main	one-story brick	contributing	c. 1930
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Demolition can also occur when structures are in poor condition when surveyed and not repaired. The alley garage along the 100 block of East Broadway is in near ruin condition and would now be considered a non-contributing structure.

112-114 East	brick garage	contributing	c. 1925
Broadway			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> This building was extant in 1986 and demolition date is unknown. It was not recorded in the 1990 nomination, however, so may have been demolished prior to that. It was included because this is part of the 1986 survey update and survey numbers coordinate with information in the database of 2004.

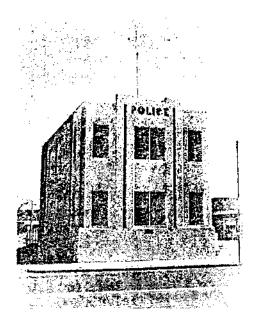


112-114 East Broadway

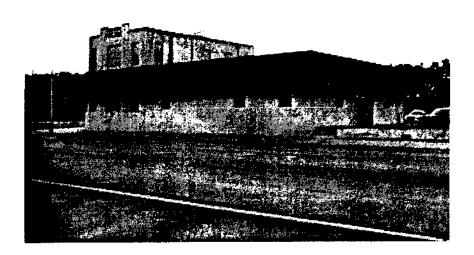
While some demolitions do occur over time, some caution is needed when contributing structures are included. The historic district keeps its significance high when the number of contributing structures is maintained. The loss of two contributing structures along the 100 block of East Main, for example, has created a void which changes the rhythm and pattern of the commercial area once along the street.

The changes in this block have occurred as the Anadarko Police Station was enlarged with a new addition along 1<sup>st</sup> and East Main Streets. The Police Station addition would now make the station a non-contributing structure to the Historic District, however. The design does not address the Secretary of the Interior's Standards which promote new design that is sympathetic to the 1930's original. "New additions should be designed and constructed so that the character-defining features of the historic building are not radically changed, obscured, damaged, or destroyed in the process of rehabilitation. While the addition is clearly differentiated, the original building has been somewhat lost behind a large contemporary one-story structure.

<sup>45</sup> http://www2.cr.nps.gov/tps/standguide/overview/overview\_newadd.htm



C. 1939 Police Station Design.

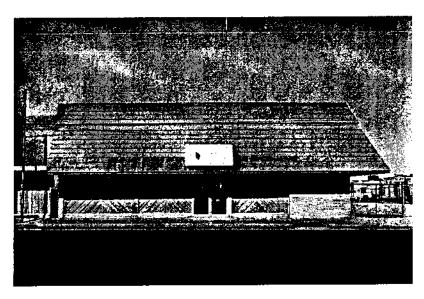


Police Station, 2004

The West Main demolition(s) occurred to make room for a parking lot. The loss of infrastructure on the north side of East/West Main is significant enough to cause the function of the once commercial street to change from a landscape of commercial structures dependent mostly on pedestrians, to one more responsive to automobile use as exemplified

by the First State Bank Drive-Thru and parking lot, and the large parking lot added to the Police Station on the east.

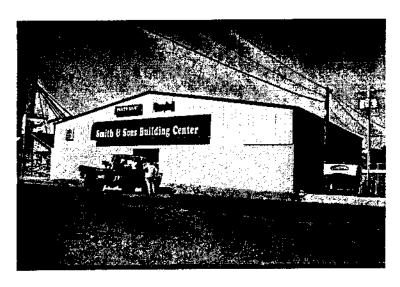
Other alterations within the Business District have occurred can change the feel of the downtown area. Though these buildings are not included in the National Register district, such changes can influence the feel of the entire downtown area. For example, the changes made to 119 Southeast 1<sup>st</sup>, the Caddo County Sheltered Workshop in 2000 are contemporary patterns of office use with no or few windows. The entire building, which appears to have been modified previously in the 1950s, is nearly obscured.



119 Southeast 1st

Another type of building that is newly built in the downtown area is the metal prefabricated such as Smith and Sons Lumber built C. 2002. By size and prefabricated nature, it is somewhat unique in the downtown area.<sup>46</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> A prefabricated metal building is on NW 3<sup>rd</sup> Street – Baker Muffler, but it is not nearly as large a structure.



114 Southeast 2nd

Again, these types of changes would not come under the purview of a historic resources commission, but are worth noting.

A positive change in the Downtown Historic District, if the nomination were amended, would be the moving of two buildings from "non-contributing" to "contributing" status. The buildings were "non-contributing" in 1990 because they did not meet the age qualification of fifty years, but they do so now

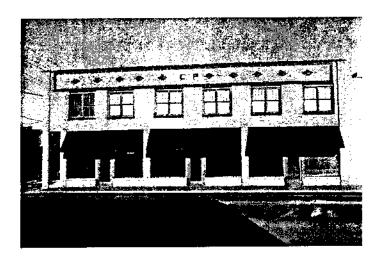
Pfaff Building/H&R Block	116 West Broadway	Would contribute	C. 1950
H.E.T Building	101-103 East Broadway	Would contribute	C. 1955

In general, the Downtown Historic District's contributing buildings remain in good condition. Buildings such as the Widaman, Whitley/Miller, W. L. Cleveland, and Barber form a group of significant structures. The United States Post Office and Kiowa Indian Agency is not along Broadway, this building is significant and a National Register property. These are complimented by numerous other contributing structures particularly along East and West Broadway which create the historic core for Anadarko. The richness of a community's architectural history changes over time as new buildings are constructed. For

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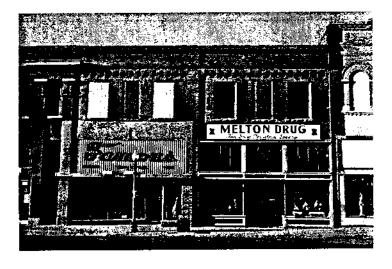
example, in a few more years, the courthouse will be old enough to be considered historic building.

Two building rehabilitations worth noting, although perhaps not just recent, are the CP building at 108 NW 1<sup>st</sup>, and Melton Drugs at 104-6 West Broadway.



108 Northwest 1st

While this building is no longer used as three commercial stores, a renovation has maintained the appearance of three store fronts, with windows, doors, and awnings which separate areas of use.



Melton's Drugs 106-08 West Broadway

The Melton's store front has upper floor windows (not covered), transom areas kept open (or uncovered) and recessed front entry. Display windows have a kick plate or bulk head and are positioned at a typical height for commercial buildings in the early 1900s. The Famous store, which shares the address, has entry façade remodeled in C. 1957, and in three years will be "historic" itself and a good example of late 50's commercial design, with its angled nearly window-wall display windows, off center entry door, metal awning, and large signage.

The Historic District as a whole has maintained a consistency of scale, material, and uniform setbacks. Recent renovations have kept the feel and patterns of historic buildings as owners pay attention to entry area, windows, transoms and doors. This is encouraging for the future of the District because other owners may follow with their own rehabilitations when good examples are given. The Anadarko Preservation Review Commission has printed "Preservation Guidelines for the Anadarko Historic District" which provides building owners valuable assistance when projects are being planned. The commission issues a Certificate of Appropriateness when projects meet the Preservation Guidelines.

Some of the strongest and greatest potential assets of Anadarko are the downtown core.

The collection of historic commercial buildings links the historic and ethnic heritage of the area and has tremendous appeal for the public. Along with the infrastructure, the history of Anadarko as a center of American Indian culture makes the community very unique. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> There have been some buildings demolished for pocket parking lots, such as the lots by the City Library, between State Farm and Lacey's Pioneer Abstract on West Broadway, by Bryans' Hotel on East Broadway, and for the bank along West Main Street. Other demolitions are related to the expansion of the Police Department along East Main

variety of arts and crafts generated in the area by this dramatic history has state, national and international drawing power.<sup>48</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Winters, 98.

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June 9, 1937	

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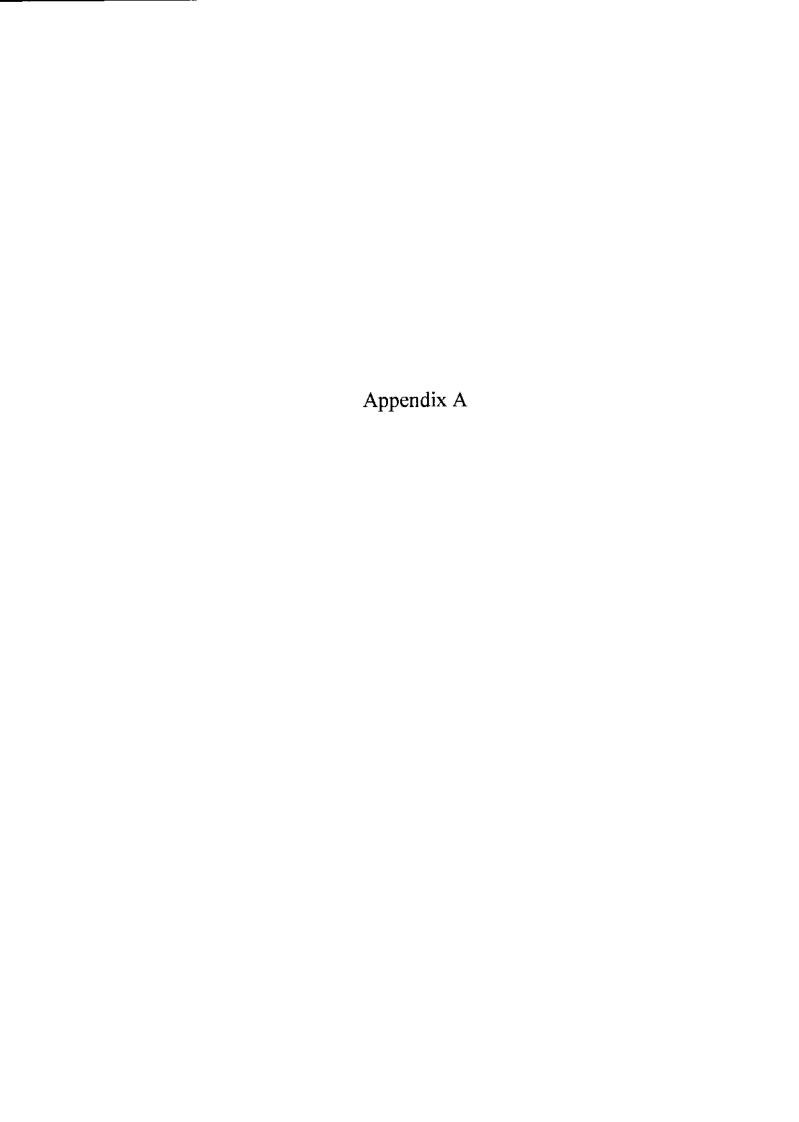
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Photographer: Cathy Ambler Date: May 2004

#	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	Date
1	225 East Main	Anadarko Soup Kitchen	Й	May 26, 2004
2	205-9 East Main	Anadarko Farm Center	NW	May 26, 2004
3	121-31 East Main	Brandons and Corner Building	NW	May 26, 2004
4	Same	Side View	NW	May 26, 2004
5	117(120) East Main	BJ Bar	N	May 26, 2004
6	102-118 East Main	Anadarko Police Station	N	May 26, 2004
7	Same	Anadarko Police Station	NE	May 26, 2004
8	101 West Main	Drive-Through Bank	N	May 26, 2004
9	Same	Drive-Through Bank	N	May 26, 2004
10	121 West Main Side Wall	Mural	W	May 26, 2004
11	121-125 West Main	TruValue Hardware	N	May 26, 2004
12	131 West Main	Caddo Printing and Office Supply	N	May 26, 2004
13	Same	Side - Same	NE	May 26, 2004
14	201 West Main	Side - RHM Building	NW	May 26, 2004
15	Same	RHM Building	N	May 26, 2004
16	207 West Main	One-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
17	Same	Same	N	May 26, 2004
18	211 West Main	One-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
19	Same	New metal building behind	W	May 26, 2004
20	219-221 West Main	Anadarko Welding	N	May 26, 2004
21	227 West Main	One-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
22	232 West Main	W&W, Baker Muffler	SE	May 26, 2004
23	Same	Same	S _	May 26, 2004
24	226 West Main	Steve's Small Engine	S	May 26, 2004
25	216-18 West Main	Kenny's Auto Sales	S	May 26, 2004
26	210-212 West Main	Great Plains Glass	S	May 26, 2004
27	208 West Main	City Cab	S	May 26, 2004
28	202-206 West Main	Miller Theater	S	May 26, 2004
29	Same	Same	SW	May 26, 2004
30	Streetscape	West Main Street	W	May 26, 2004
31	202-206 West Main	Miller Theater	SW	May 26, 2004
32	130 West Main	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
33	126-128 West Main	Tingleys and one-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
34	124 West Main	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
35	122 West Main	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
36	116-120 West Main	Baird Building	S	May 26, 2004
37	112-114 West Main	Two-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
38	108-110 West Main	Milne-Graham Building	S	May 26, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler
Date: May 2004
Location of Negatives: Oklahoma State Historic Preservation Office, Oklahoma City, OK

#	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	<u>Date</u>
39	102-106 West Main	First State Bank	<u>S</u>	May 26, 2004
40	Same	Same	SW	May 26, 2004
41	110 East Main	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
42	112-114 East Main	Salon El Rincon	S	May 26, 2004
43	Same	Building at rear of lot	S	May 26, 2004
44	118-20 East Main	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
45	200-214 East Main	metal buildings	S	May 26, 2004
46	same	metal/brick buildings	S	May 26, 2004
47	same	Elevator	SE	May 26, 2004
48	203-07 East Broadway (a)	Lumber Storage	E	May 26, 2004
49	same	Lumber Complex	NE	May 26, 2004
50	same	Lumber Company	NE	May 26, 2004
51	131 East Broadway	Indian City Lanes	N	May 26, 2004
52	125 East Broadway	Two-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
53	123 East Broadway	Ted Bingham, Pub. Acct	N	May 26, 2004
54	121 East Broadway	Tornado Alley Bar	N	May 26, 2004
55	117-119 East Broadway	Anadarko Daily News	N	May 26, 2004
56	113-115 East Broadway	IOOF Building	N	May 26, 2004
57	107-111 East Broadway	Henry's Plumbing Supply/Moore Elect.	N	May 26, 2004
58	105 East Broadway	Anadarko Comp. Clinic/Epic Graphics	N	May 26, 2004
59	101-103 East Broadway	HET Building	N	May 26, 2004
60	Same	Same	NE	May 26, 2004
61	101 West Broadway	Two-story commercial	NW	May 26, 2004
62	Same	Same	N	May 26, 2004
63	103 West Broadway	DeVaughns Drugstore	N	May 26, 2004
64	105 West Broadway	Ideal Decorating Center	N	May 26, 2004
65	107-09 West Broadway	Two-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
66	111 West Broadway	Barber Building	N	May 26, 2004
67	113-115 West Broadway	Peacock/Divers Building	N	May 26, 2004
68	117-119 West Broadway	Two story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
69	121 West Broadway	W. L. Cleveland Building	N	May 26, 2004
70	123 West Broadway	One-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
71	125-29 West Broadway	Whitley/Miller (Max Goldman) Bldg.	N N	May 26, 2004
72	131 West Broadway	Widaman Building	N	May 26, 2004
73	Same	Same	NE	May 26, 2004
74	201 and 203 West Broadway	Mr. Bills	N	May 26, 2004
75	Same	Same	NW	May 26, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler

#	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	Date
76	205 West Broadway	State Farm	N	May 26, 2004
77	209 West Broadway	Lacey Pioneer Abstract	N	May 26, 2004
78	211 West Broadway	Two-story commercial	N	May 26, 2004
79	213-215 West Broadway	Anadarko Public Library		May 26, 2004
80	221 West Broadway	Redskin Theater	N	May 26, 2004
81	223 West Broadway	Bunnell's Dog Grooming	N	May 26, 2004
82	Same	Same	NE	May 26, 2004
83	221 West Broadway	Redskin Ticket Booth	N	May 26, 2004
84	132 West Broadway	OutWest	SE	May 26, 2004
85	Same	Same	S	May 26, 2004
86	126-130 West Broadway	Dugger Insurance/ElCharro Rest.	S	May 26, 2004
87	124 West Broadway	George's Department Store	S	May 26, 2004
88	122 West Broadway	Robert D. Slavin, OD	S	May 26, 2004
89	120 West Broadway	Campbell Building	S	May 26, 2004
90	118 West Broadway	K.D. Building	S	May 26, 2004
91	116 West Broadway	Pfaff Building	S	May 26, 2004
92	114 West Broadway	G. A. Holler Building	S	May 26, 2004
93	110-112 West Broadway	A. Martinez/J.F. Ruzika Building	S	May 26, 2004
94	106-108 West Broadway	Famous Store/Melton Drug	S	May 26, 2004
95	102-104 West Broadway	American Heating/Security Finance	S	May 26, 2004
96	Same	Same	SW	May 26, 2004
97	Same	Same	SW	May 26, 2004
98	102-104 East Broadway	Deitrich Opera House	SE	May 26, 2004
99	Same	Same	S	May 26, 2004
100	106-108 East Broadway	Settle Studio/Great Plains	S	May 26, 2004
101	110 East Broadway	Peoples Store	S	May 26, 2004
102	112-114 East Broadway	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
103	116 East Broadway	Watson Roofing	S	May 26, 2004
104	118-120 East Broadway	D&D Emb./Jones H.C./K's Collectables	S	May 26, 2004
105	122-124 East Broadway	Two-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
106	128 East Broadway	Bryan's Inn	S	May 26, 2004
107	Same	Same	SW	May 26, 2004
108	202 East Broadway	Farm Bureau	S	May 26, 2004
109	Same	Same	SE	May 26, 2004
110	210 East Broadway	One-story commercial	S	May 26, 2004
111	131 East Oklahoma	Anadarko Paint and Body	NW_	May 26, 2004
112	Same	Same	N	May 26, 2004
113	127 East Oklahoma	Hardee's Auto	N	May 26, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler

Date: May 2004

#	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	<u>Date</u>
114	119-121 East Oklahoma	McDuffy Auto Supply	N	May 26, 2004
115	117 East Oklahoma	Laundry	N	May 26, 2004
116	101-103 West Oklahoma	U. S. Post Office	NW	May 26, 2004
117	Same	Same	N	May 26, 2004
118	115-19 West Oklahoma	Apartment complex	NW	May 26, 2004
119	Same	Same	N	May 26, 2004
120	115-119 West Oklahoma	Garage and Apartment	NW	May 26, 2004
1	(Alley)			
121	121 West Oklahoma	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
122	131 West Oklahoma	Dairy Queen	N	May 26, 2004
123	119 Southwest 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Delbert's Bail Bond	E	May 26, 2004
124	117 Southwest 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Four Tribes Consortium	Е	May 26, 2004
125	111-15 Southwest 2nd	Law Building	Е	May 26, 2004
126	112 Northeast 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pawn Shop	W	May 26, 2004
127	202-206 West Main	Miller Theater	NW	May 26, 2004
128	204 Northwest 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pawn Shop	W	May 26, 2004
129	108 Northwest 1st	CP Building	W	May 26, 2004
130	106 Northwest 1st	Two-story commercial	W	May 26, 2004
131	108 Southwest 1st	One-story commercial	W	May 26, 2004
132	110-114 Southwest 1st	One-story commercial	W	May 26, 2004
133	110 Southeast 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Jim Taliaferro Mental Health	W	May 26, 2004
134	131 West Oklahoma	Attached to 131 West Ok. Garage	SW	May 26, 2004
	(residence) 200 East 3 <sup>rd</sup>			
135		Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific RR	SW	May 26, 2004
136	Same	Same	S	May 26, 2004
137	Same	Same	NE	May 26, 2004
138	Same	Same	SE	May 26, 2004
139	415 West Main	VFW	NW	May 26, 2004
140	405 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
141	403 West Main	Garage Apartment	N	May 26, 2004
142	403 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
143	315 West Main	Mobile Home	N	May 26, 2004
144	313 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
145	311 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
146	309 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
147	307 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
148	305 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
149	303 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
150	301 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
151	312 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler Date: May 2004

#	Location	Feature Looked At	<u>Dir.</u>	<u>Date</u>
152	322 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
153	326 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
154	404 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
155	406 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
156	408 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
157	410 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
158	412 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
159	414 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
160	416 West Main	Residence	S	May 26, 2004
161	502 West Main	Residence	SW	May 26, 2004
162	416 1/2 West Main	Residence	E	May 26, 2004
163	504 1/2 West Main	Residence	N_	May 26, 2004
164	506 1/2 West Main	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
165	615 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
166	613 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
167	609 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
168	607 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
169	605 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
170	603 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
171	601 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
172	Same	Same	NW	May 26, 2004
173	515 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
174	513 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
175	511 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
176	509 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
177	507 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
178	415 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
179	413 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
180	411 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
181	409 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
182	407 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
183	405 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
184	403 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
185	401 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
186	329 West Broadway	Residence	N_	May 26, 2004
187	325 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004
188	319-21 West Broadway	Residence	N	May 26, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler

Date: May 2004

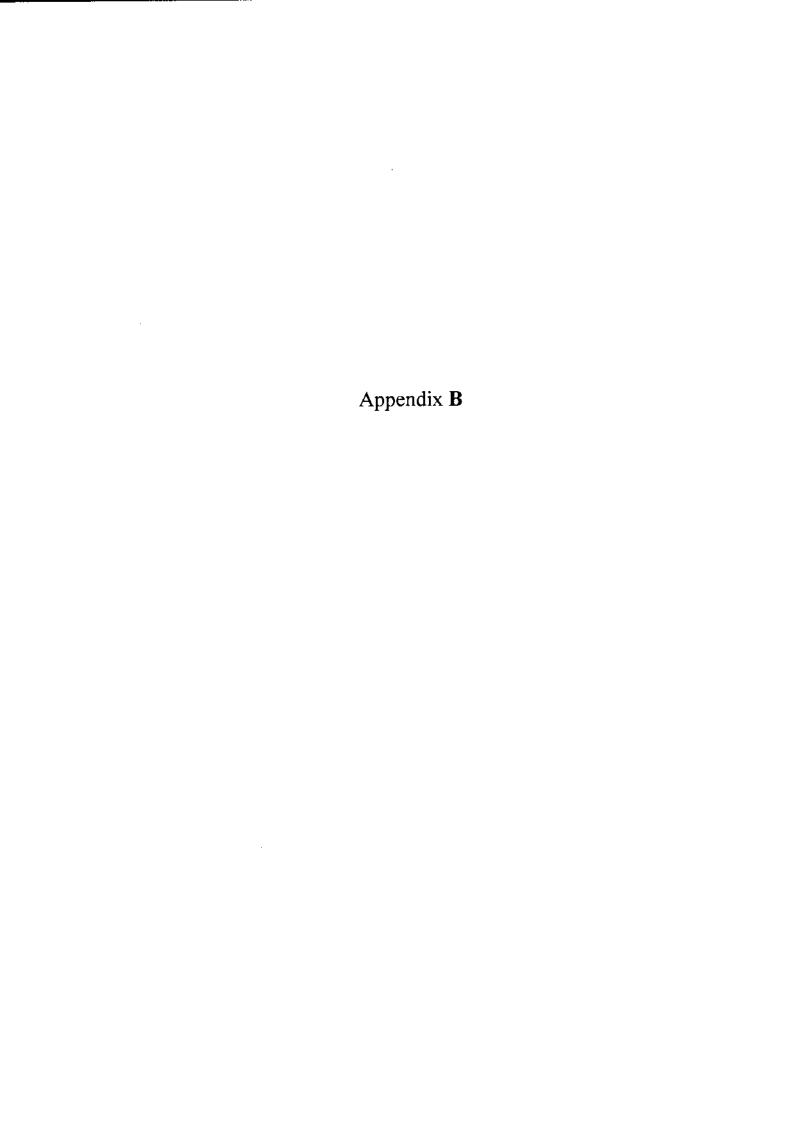
#	Location	Feature Looked At	<u>Dir.</u>	<u>Date</u>
228	302 West Oklahoma	Masonic Lodge	S	May 27, 2004
229	232 West Oklahoma	Telephone Building	SE	May 27, 2004
230	208 West Oklahoma	Methodist Parsonage	S	May 27, 2004
231	202-206 West Oklahoma	Methodist Church	SW	May 27, 2004
232	201 Southwest 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Midfirst Bank	Е	May 27, 2004
233	110 West Oklahoma	Anadarko Bank	S	May 27, 2004
234	102 ½ Northeast 1st	Residence	W	May 27, 2004
235	102 East Oklahoma	Garage	SE	May 27, 2004
236	100 Northeast 1st	Sue's Real Estate	S	May 27, 2004
237	128 East Oklahoma	Garage	S	May 27, 2004
238	202 East Oklahoma	K&L Paint and Body	Е	May 27, 2004
239	200 Block of Southeast 2nd	Cut Above	Е	May 27, 2004
240	207 Southeast 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Small Office – Dyer Automotive	Е	May 27, 2004
241	Same	Dyer Automotive lot	SE	May 27, 2004
242	200 East Central	Liquor Store	N	May 27, 2004
243	121 East Central	Joshua's Auto Sales	NW	May 27, 2004
244	117 East Central	Converted house to business	S	May 27, 2004
245	101 East Central	Gas Station	N	May 27, 2004
246	101 West Central	Ann's Liquor & Tingley's Drive	N	May 27, 2004
		Through		
247	131 West Central	Jarvis Furniture	NW	May 27, 2004
248	212 Southwest 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street	Christian Church	NW	May 27, 2004
249	217 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
250	219 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
251	225 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
252	227 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
253	227 West Central (A)	Garage and Apartments on Alley	N	May 27, 2004
254	307 West Central	Car Wash	NW	May 27, 2004
255	309 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
256	313 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
257	315 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
258	317 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
259	319 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
260	327 West Central	Residence	Z	May 27, 2004
261	329 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
262	401 West Central	Residence	NW	May 27, 20 <u>04</u>
263	403 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
264	403 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler Date: May 2004

#	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	<u>Date</u>
265	407 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
266	411 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
267	413 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
268	415 West Central	Residence	NE	May 27, 2004
279	501 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
270	503 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
271	505 West Central	One-story commercial	N .	May 27, 2004
272	509 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
273	511 West Central	Business in a house	N	May 27, 2004
274	513 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
275	513 1/2 West Central	Alley House	N	May 27, 2004
276	515 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
277	601 West Central	Residence	NW	May 27, 2004
278	603 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
279	605 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
280	607 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
281	609 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
282	611 West Central	Residence	N	May 27, 2004
283	613 West Central	Residence	N_	May 27, 2004
284	615 Southwest 7th	Residence	Е	May 27, 2004
285	210 Southwest 7th	Residence	E	May 27, 2004
286	602 West Broadway	Residence	NW	May 27, 2004
287	415 West Central	Residence on alley	E	May 27, 2004
288	211 Southwest 4 <sup>th</sup>	Residence	E	May 27, 2004
289	401 1/2 West Central	Residence on alley	W	May 27, 2004
290	111 Southwest 4th	Anadarko Learning Center	E	May 27, 2004
291	106 Northwest 4th	Residence	W	May 27, 2004
292	108 Northwest 4 <sup>th</sup>	Residence	W	May 27, 2004
293	110 Northwest 4th	Residence	W	May 27, 2004
294	330 West Main	Residence	E	May 27, 2004
295	330 1/2 West Main	Residence	E	May 27, 2004
296	402 West Main	Residence	SW	May 27, 2004
297	301 West Oklahoma (2)	Residence on Alley	W	May 27, 2004
298	310 1/2 West Oklahoma	Alley Apartment	W	May 27, 2004
299	Same	Same	W	May 27, 2004
300	131 West Central (a)	Jarvis Furniture Store on Alley	E	May 27, 2004
301	100 North 1st	T&D Auto Supply	E	May 27, 2004
302	100 Southwest 1st	Computer Clinic	W	May 27, 2004

Photographer: Cathy Ambler Date: June 2004

<u>#</u>	Location	Feature Looked At	Dir.	<u>Date</u>
334	123 East Oklahoma	Part of McDuffy's Auto Supply	N	June 29, 2004
335	125 East Oklahoma	Storage building	N	June 29, 2004
336	123 East Oklahoma	Part of McDuffy's Auto Supply	N	June 29, 2004
337	112-114 East Broadway	Ruin of garage	N	June 29, 2004
338	101 West Broadway	Two-story commercial	NW	June 29, 2004
339	Same	Same	N	June 29, 2004
340	131 East Broadway	Side of Indian City Lanes	NW	June 29, 2004
341	126 and 128 West Main	Tingley's Store (Opals)	S	June 29, 2004
342	130 West Main	Corner perspective	SW_	June 29, 2004
343	201-03 West Broadway	Mr. Bills	N	June 29, 2004
344	Same	Corner perspective	NW	June 29, 2004
345	Block 50	Caddo County Health Department	W	June 29, 2004
346	Block 50	Caddo County Court House	W	June 29, 2004
347	Block 52	Warrior Gym	N	June 29, 2004
348	Block 52	Small Building left from High School	N_	June 29, 2004
349	Block 50	Assessory Buildings at Courthouse	NE	June 29, 2004
350	301 West Oklahoma	Smith Funeral Chapel	N	June 29, 2004
351	Same	Same	NW	June 29, 2004
352	315-19 West Oklahoma	Elms Housing	N	June 29, 2004
353	321 West Oklahoma	Residence	N	June 29, 2004
354	329 West Oklahoma	Residence	NW	June 29, 2004
355	331 West Oklahoma	Residence	E	June 29, 2004
356	324 West Oklahoma	Residence	S	June 29, 2004
357	318 West Oklahoma	Alley House	S	June 29, 2004
358	316 West Oklahoma	Alley House	S	June 29, 2004



PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
HISTORIC DISTRICT	ANADARKO POLICE DEPARTMENT	102-118 EAST MAIN	26 1-10	C. 1939; ADDITION 1990	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT (Would not in 2004)
HISTORIC DISTRICT- DEMOLISHED		113 WEST MAIN	X		
HISTORIC DISTRICT- DEMOLISHED		109-111 WEST MAIN, BUILDING BEHIND	27 × ×		
HISTORIC DISTRICT	INB - CADDO PRINTING AND OFFICE PROD.	131 WEST MAIN	27 PAR7	PART C. 1930 4	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	FATHERS TABLE	221 NORTHWEST 2ND 27		PART C. 1932 4	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	FIRST STATE BANK	101 WEST MAIN	27 PART 9, 10-14	PART C. 1973 9, 10-14	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT-ALTERATIONS
HISTORIC DISTRICT	TRUVALUE HARDWARE	121-125 WEST MAIN	27 7-8, PART 9	7-8, C. 1925; 1976 PART 9	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BUSINESS DISTRICT	ANADARKO WELDING	219-221 WEST MAIN	28 14-16	.14-16 C. 1925	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT		211 WEST MAIN		18-19 C. 1930	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT		207 WEST MAIN	28 PART 21, 22-23	PART C. 1930 21, 22-23	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	:	227 WEST MAIN	28 11	C. 1940	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	101	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	330 1/2 WEST MAIN (FACES NORTHWEST 4TH)	<u>γ</u>	N C. 1932 PART S.15	932	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		315-17 WEST BROADWAY	46 GT 23 23	PART C. 1945 24, 25-26	945	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		315-317 WEST BROADWAY (ALLEY HOUSE)	34 2	PART C. 1945 24, 25-26	945	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		309 1/2 WEST BROADWAY (ALLEY HOUSE)	34	28 C. 1955	955	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		312 WEST MAIN		7-9 C. 1907	206	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ACORN CHRISTIAN CHILD CARE (WAS 1ST BAPTIST)	301 WEST BROADWAY	34	29-32 C. 1932, REMODI BEFORE	ELED : 1953,	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		319-21 WEST BROADWAY	34	PART C. 1 22, 23-24	PART C. 1945 22, 23-24	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		330 WEST MAIN (FACES NORTHWEST 4TH)	34	S C. 1950 PART 15	950	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
HISTORIC DISTRICT		211 WEST BROADWAY	35 7 7	PART C. 1904 27	904	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		203 WEST BROADWAY	35 31	1 C. 1905	905	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	MR. BILL'S	201 WEST BROADWAY	35 3	32 C. 1905	905	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	T YEAR_BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
HISTORIC DISTRICT	IDEAL DECORATING CENTER	105 WEST BROADWAY	36 30	C. 1910	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		117-119 WEST BROADWAY	36 23-24	23-24 C. 1923	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		126 WEST MAIN	36 13	C. 1926	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	TINGLEY'S STORE (OPALS)	128 WEST MAIN	36 :14	C. 1926	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		106 NORTHWEST FIRST	36 PAR	PART C. 1928 32	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	C. P. BUILDING	108 NORTHWEST 1ST 36		PART C. 1937 S 1 AND	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		111 NORTHWEST 2ND 36 (WIDAMAN BUILDING)		C. 1910	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTSRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT BAIRD BUILDING	BAIRD BUILDING	116-120 WEST MAIN	36 8-10	C. 1902, 1930. C. 1952	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		123 WEST BROADWAY		PART C. 1930; C. 1940 20, 21	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		122 WEST MAIN	36 11	C. 1952	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		113 NORTHWEST 2ND 36		PART C. 1960 15- 16	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT

115-23 NORTHWEST 36 PART C. 1960 NON- 2ND (130 WEST MAIN) 15- 115- 130 WEST MAIN 36 PART C. 1960 NON- 115- 115- 115- 115- 115- 115- 115- 11	PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	BLOCK LOT   YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
130 WEST MAIN   36   PART C. 1960   S 15- 16	HISTORIC DISTRICT			36 PART 15- 16	C. 1960	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
101 WEST   36   1-3   0. 1980   1-3   101 WEST   101 WEST   36   32   0. 1901;   101 WEST   36   32   0. 1901;   101 WEST   37   20-22   0. 1904   102   102   102   103   1	HISTORIC DISTRICT				C. 1960	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
101 WEST BROADWAY 31NG 107-111 EAST BROADWAY 37 20-22 C. 1904 38 113-115 EAST BROADWAY 37 27 C. 1904 4 1921 BROADWAY 37 23-24 C. 1904, 1921 BROADWAY 37 19 C. 1906 115 NORTH 15T (108 37 812- 106 EAST BROADWAY 37 29 C. 1910 115 NORTH 15T (108 37 812- 116 EAST MAIN) 110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	FIRST STATE BANK		<mark>ዋ</mark>	C. 1980	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
SING 107-111 EAST 37 20-22 C. 1904 BROADWAY 37 27 C. 1904 T21 EAST BROADWAY 37 23-24 C. 1904, 1921 BROADWAY 105 EAST BROADWAY 37 19 C. 1906 UIC- 100 EAST BROADWAY 37 29 C. 1910 115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 PART C. 1925 E. MAIN) 110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT				C. 1901; ALTERATIONS	NONCONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
Y 121 EAST BROADWAY 37 27 C. 1904  113-115 EAST BROADWAY  105 EAST BROADWAY 37 19 C. 1906  115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 29 C. 1910  116 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925  110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	HENRY'S PLUMBING SUPPLY/MOORE ELECTRIC			C. 1904	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
113-115 EAST BROADWAY 105 EAST BROADWAY 37 19 C. 1906 100 EAST BROADWAY 37 29 C. 1910 115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 PART C. 1925 E. MAIN) 110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	TORNADO ALLEY	121 EAST BROADWAY	. 27	C. 1904	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
ANADARKO  COMPUTER CLINIC- COMPUTER CLINIC- COMPUTER CLINIC- COMPUTER CLINIC- COMPUTER CLINIC- 125 EAST BROADWAY 37 29 C. 1910  BROWN OFFICE 115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 PART C. 1925 BUILDING E. MAIN) 16  110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	IOOF BUILDING	· ;		C. 1904, 1921	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BROWN OFFICE 115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 PART C. 1925 BUILDING E. MAIN) 16 110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	ANADARKO COMPUTER CLINIC- EPIC ILLUSTRATIONS	105 EAST BROADWAY	6	C. 1906	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BROWN OFFICE 115 NORTH 1ST (108 37 PART C. 1925 BUILDING E. MAIN) S 12- 16 110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT		125 EAST BROADWAY	58	C. 1910	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
110 EAST MAIN 37 11 C. 1925	HISTORIC DISTRICT	BROWN OFFICE BUILDING		:	C. 1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
	HISTORIC DISTRICT			Ξ	C. 1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	T YEAR BILLD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNISICANOF
HISTORIC DISTRICT		103-113 NORTHEAST 1ST	37 17-	5	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		118-120 EAST MAIN	37 7-8	(C. 1935	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	SALON EL RINCON	112-114 EAST MAIN	37 9-10	) C. 1905	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	ANADARKO DAILY NEWS	117-119 EAST BROADWAY	37 25-2	25-26 C. 1906, 1959	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	TED BINGHAM, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	123 EAST BROADWAY 37	37 28	C. 1910; FAÇADE CHANGES C. 1980	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	INDIAN CITY BOWL	129-131 EAST BROADWAY	37 30-3	30-32 C. 1960	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	H.E.T. BUILDING	101-103 EAST BROADWAY	37 17-1	17-18 C. 1955	NOW WOULD CONTRIBUTE - AGE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	HARRY BROWN LUMBER COMPANY	203-207 EAST BROADWAY	38 PAF	PART C. 1908 2	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BUSINESS DISTRICT	AUTO WASHING	111 NORTHEAST 2ND	38 PAR	PART C. 1925 2	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BUSINESS DISTRICT	ANADARKO FARMERS 200-14 EAST MAIN CO-OP	200-14 EAST MAIN	38	C. 1950	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BUSINESS DISTRICT	ANADARKO FARMERS 200-214 EAST MAIN CO-OP ELEV.	200-214 EAST MAIN	38	C. 1903, C. 1925	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	OT   YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	LUMBER STORAGE (A) 203-07 BROADWAY	]	38 PA	<u>.</u>	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	ANADARKO FARMERS 200-214 EAST MAIN CO-OP		38	C. 1930	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	\$ 10 TO 10	114 SOUTHEAST 2ND 47	2	C. 1902	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	CADDO COUNTY FARM BUREAU	202 EAST BROADWAY 47		PART C. 1950; C. 2003 1 ADDITION	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE - AGE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	SMITH LUMBER (NEW BUILDING))	214 NORTHEAST 2ND 47 STREET	·	PART C. 2002 1	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE - AGE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	: : : :	210 EAST BROADWAY 47		PART C. 1912 1	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE - ALTERATIONS
HISTORIC DISTRICT PEOPLE'S STORE	PEOPLE'S STORE	110 EAST BROADWAY 48	12	C. 1902	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	JIM TALIAFERRO MENTAL HEALTH/ BRYAN'S HOTEL	110 SOUTHEAST 2ND 48	1-2		CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	BRYANS INN	128 EAST BROADWAY 48	. 84 - 1-2 - 1-2	REMODELED: 1933 REMODELED: 1933 REMODELED	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		112-114 EAST 4 BROADWAY	48 8-10	10 C. 1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	WATSON ROOFING	116 EAST BROADWAY 48	48	C. 1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	RI OCK 10T	VEAP RIII D	DECORPORATION OF COUNTRY
HISTORIC DISTRICT			48 4	C. 1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	HAIRITAGE	109 SOUTHEAST 1ST (105-107 S. FIRST)	48 PART 15- 16	PART C. 1929 15- 16	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	D&D EMBROIDERY/ JONES H.C./ KAYE'S COLLECTIBLES	118-120 EAST BROADWAY	48 5-6	C. 1935	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	SETTLE STUDIO/GREAT PLAINS	106-108 EAST BROADWAY	48 13-14	13-14 C. 1908	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
BUSINESS DISTRICT	ANADARKO PAINT AND BODY	131 EAST OKLAHOMA 48		PART C. 1925 31- 32	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	APEX QUALITY CANVAS	117 SOUTHEAST 1ST 48		PART C. 1930 S 17- 20	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT		131 EAST OKLAHOMA 48 (RESIDENCE)		PART C. 1932 S 31- 32	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
HISTORIC DISTRICT	ALLEY GARAGE	112-114 EAST BROADWAY ALLEY BUILDING	48 8-10	C. 1925	WOULD NO LONGER CONTRIBUTE
HISTORIC DISTRICT	DEITRICH OPERA HOUSE	102-104 EAST BROADWAY	48 PART S 15-	C. 1908, 1952; 1984	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	HARDEES AUTO	127 EAST OKLAHOMA 48	16 30	C. 1925	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	LAUNDRY	117 EAST OKLAHOMA 48		22-23 C. 1965	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE - AGE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	L	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
HISTORIC DISTRICT		18T	49 1-2	ن	13	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT		110-114 SOUTHEAST 1ST	1-2		C. 1920,1925	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	K.D. BUILDING	118 WEST BROADWAY		C. 1929	. 62	CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	POST OFFICE	101-103 WEST OKLAHOMA	49 25	25-32 C. 1935	·	NATIONAL REGISTER LISTING - CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	ROBERT D. SLAVIN, OD	122 WEST BROADWAY	49		C. 1905, C. 1960	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	GEORGES DEPARTMENT STORE	124 WEST BROADWAY	49 12		.C. 1905; C. 1960	NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	CADDO COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY	109 SOUTHWEST 2ND 49	49 16	. C. 1923		NON CONTRIBUTING DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT
HISTORIC DISTRICT	PFAFF BUILDING/ H&R 116 WEST BLOCK	÷	49	C. 1950	0.	NOW WOULD CONTRIBUTE - AGE
BUSINESS DISTRICT		115-119 WEST OKLAHOMA	49 21	21-24 C. 1930	0.	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	········	121 WEST OKLAHOMA 49	49 21	C. 1930	0	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT		115-119 WEST OKLAHOMA (ALLEY GARAGE & APTS)	49 22	22-24 C. 1930	***	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS BLOCK LOT	KILOT YEAR BILLID	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNISTICATION
BUSINESS DISTRICT	LAW OFFICE	AST	ပ	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	DAIRY QUEEN	131 WEST OKLAHOMA 49	20 PART C. 1960 S 17- 20	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT DELBERT'S BAIL BONDS	DELBERT'S BAIL BONDS	119 SOUTHWEST 2ND 49	PART C. 1960 S 17- 20	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
BUSINESS DISTRICT	FOUR TRIBES CONSORTIUM OF OKLAHOMA	117 SOUTHEAST 2ND 49	PART C. 1930 S 17- 20	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE - ALTERATIONS
WEST RESIDENTIAL	CADDO COUNTY COURT HOUSE	LOT 50 50	ALL C. 1958	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	CADDO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	LOT 50 50	LOT C. 1996 50	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WR-DEMOLISHED	:	100 SOUTHWEST 6TH '51	· · · · · ·	
WR-DEMOLISHED		313 WEST OKLAHOMA - OLD	·×	
WR-DEMOLISHED		319 WEST OKLAHOMA 51	solomos . .×	
WR-DEMOLISHED		331 WEST OKLAHOMA 51	×	
WEST RESIDENTIAL		329 WEST OKLAHOMA 51	PART C. 1902 18, 19	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT	L	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANICE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ELMS HOUSING	315-319 WEST OKLAHOMA	25	نو	95	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		331 WEST BROADWAY - NEW		PART.C. 2003 S 17 AND	03	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ANADARKO HIGH SCHOOL WARRIOR GYM	BLOCK 52	25	ALL C. 19 FOR POR	C. 1973, C. 1952 FOR REMAINING PORTION OF OLD	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	512 WEST BROADWAY	23	PART C. 1902 5, 6	<u></u>	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		502 WEST BROADWAY	53	1 .C. 1903	03	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		504 WEST BROADWAY	23	2 C. 1904		WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	506 WEST BROADWAY	53	3 C. 1904	40	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		508 WEST BROADWAY	53	4, C. 1904 PART: 5	4	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		514 WEST BROADWAY	23	7 C. 19	C. 1904, 1907	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		509 WEST OKLAHOMA 53		12 C. 1910	10	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		515 WEST OKLAHOMA 53		PART C. 1910 9	10	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
						J

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS BI	BLOCK LOT	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		616 WEST OKLAHOMA 55		Ö	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		615 SOUTHWEST 7TH 55 (210 S. W. BOUNDARY)	<b>σ</b>	C. 1930	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	210 SOUTHWEST 7TH 55 (616 WEST OKLAHOMA REAR)	<b>.∞</b>	C. 1930	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		604 WEST OKLAHOMA 55	2-3	C. 1960	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		607 WEST CENTRAL 55		C. 1960	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WR-DEMOLISHED		508 WEST OKLAHOMA 56	: <b>**</b>		
WEST RESIDENTIAL		501 WEST CENTRAL 56	19	C. 1902	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		514 WEST OKLAHOMA 56		PART C. 1910 6, 7	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	COSMIC TANNING	511 WEST CENTRAL 56	11, PART 12	C. 1910	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		513 WEST CENTRAL 56	0,	.C. 1910	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	515 WEST CENTRAL 56	. 6.	C. 1910	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS BLOCK LOT	CK LOT YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		510 WEST OKLAHOMA 56		WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		506 WEST OKLAHOMA 56	3 C. 1910	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		504 WEST OKLAHOMA 56	2 C. 1910	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		503 WEST CENTRAL 56	P 14, C. 1916 15	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		513 WEST CENTRAL 56 (ALLEY HOUSE)	10 C. 1920	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		504 1/2 WEST OKLAHOMA (ALLEY HOUSE)	2 C. 1925	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	***************************************	509 WEST CENTRAL 56	PART C. 1910 12, 13	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		516 WEST OKLAHOMA 56	8 C. 1910	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ACCENT GIFTS	505 WEST CENTRAL 56	PART C. 1950 14	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		502 WEST OKLAHOMA (FACES SW 5TH STREET)	1 C. 1987	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		508 WEST OKLAHOMA - NEW	4 C. 2004	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCI	BLOCK LOT	YEAR_BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WR-DEMOLISHED		409 WEST CENTRAL	27	×		
WR-DEMOLISHED		410 WEST OKLAHOMA - OLD	27	*		
WEST RESIDENTIAL		402 WEST OKLAHOMA (FACES SW 4TH STREET	22	1-2 C	C. 1903	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		405 WEST CENTRAL	27	7 O	C. 1904	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		407 WEST CENTRAL	22	£	C. 1904	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		414 WEST OKLAHOMA 57	V 57	PART C. 1904 6, 7	. 1904	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	411 WEST CENTRAL	25	£	C. 1907	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		413 WEST CENTRAL		<b>6</b> · · · ·	C. 1907	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		415 WEST CENTRAL	22	6	C. 1916	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	:	408 WEST OKLAHOMA 57	¥ 57	4, C PART 5	C. 1922	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		415 WEST CENTRAL (ALLEY HOUSE)	22	. ေ	C. 1925	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS BLO	BLOCK LOT YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		310 WEST OKLAHOMA 58	PART C. 1910 S 4-6	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		318 WEST 58 OKLAHOMA (ALLEY HOUSE)	10-11 C. 1935	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		326 WEST 58 OKLAHOMA (FACES SW 4TH STREET)	PART C. 1960 14, 15-16	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	CAR WASH	307 WEST CENTRAL 58	29-32 C. 1999	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WR-DEMOLISHED		2-218 WEST KLAHOMA (NOW 2)	×	
WEST RESIDENTIAL		219 WEST CENTRAL 59		WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH	202-206 WEST 59 OKLAHOMA	1–13 C. 1917; 1955-56	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	CHRISTIAN CHURCH	212 SOUTHWEST 2ND 59 STREET	26-32 C. 1925; C. 1951	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		217 WEST CENTRAL 59	24, 25°C. 1930	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		225 WEST CENTRAL 59	21, C. 1930 PART 22	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		227 WEST CENTRAL 59	19, 20'C. 1930	WOULD CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS BLO	BLOCK LOT YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		231 WEST CENTRAL 59	17-18 C. 1940	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	TELEPHONE COMPANY	232 WEST OKLAHOMA 59	14-16 C. 1954	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	METHODIST PARSONAGE	208 WEST OKLAHOMA 59	1-13 C. 1917 (PAR TOF	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WR-DEMOLISHED		114 EAST OKLAHOMA 60 (PART OF ANADARKO BANK & TRUST)		
WEST RESIDENTIAL	SUE'S AUCTION AND REAL ESTATE	100 NORTHEAST 1ST 60 STREET (W. OKLAHOMA)	PART C. 1935 1 AND	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	JARVIS FURNITURE	131 WEST CENTRAL 60 (BUILDING 2)	17-18 C. 1945	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ANN'S LIQUOR AND TINGLEY'S DRIVE THROUGH	101 WEST CENTRAL 60	29- C. 1932 32 (SOU	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL		102 1/2 NORTHEAST 60 1ST	PART C. 1935, MODIFIED 1 AFTER 1950 AND	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	COMPUTER CLINIC	100 SOUTHWEST 1ST 60	PART C. 1955 S 28- 32	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	MID FIRST BANK	124 EAST OKLAHOMA 60 (201 SW 2ND STREET ADDRESS)	13-16 C. 1975	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL ANADARKO BANK AND TRUST	AND TRUST	110 WEST OKLAHOMA 60	3-12, C. 1977 23-26	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE

PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLOCK LOT YEAR BUILD	YEAR BUILD	DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANCE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	ANADARKO AUTO SUPPLY WAREHOUSE	105 SOUTHEAST 2ND 61	61 PART C. 1990 S 31- 32	1990	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL CUT ABOVE		200 BLOCK SOUTHEAST 2ND STREET	62 PART C. 1905 2	1905	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	SMALL BRICK BUILDING- DYER'S AUTOMOTIVE	207 SOUTHEAST 2ND 62	62 PART C. 1948 2, PART	1948	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	LIQUOR STORE	200 E. CENTRAL	62 PART C. 1950 3	1950	WOULD CONTRIBUTE
WEST RESIDENTIAL	WEST RESIDENTIAL K&L PAINT AND BODY 202 EAST OKLAHOMA 62	202 EAST OKLAHOMA	62 PART C. 1980 2	1980	WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE



PROPNAME	RESNAME	ADDRESS	BLO
WR-DEMOLISHED		100 SOUTHWEST 6TH	51
WR-DEMOLISHED		313 WEST OKLAHOMA - OLD	51
WR-DEMOLISHED		319 WEST OKLAHOMA	51
WR-DEMOLISHED		331 WEST OKLAHOMA	51
WR-DEMOLISHED		508 WEST OKLAHOMA	26
WR-DEMOLISHED C	COMMUNITY BUILDING	407-09 WEST MAIN	08
WR-DEMOLISHED		409 WEST CENTRAL	22
WR-DEMOLISHED		611 WEST BROADWAY	. ક્ટ
WR-DEMOLISHED		504 WEST MAIN	32
WR-DEMOLISHED		505 WEST BROADWAY (NO REPLACEMENT)	32
WR-DEMOLISHED	:	503 WEST BROADWAY (NO REPLACEMENT)	32
WR-DEMOLISHED		412 W. MAIN	33
WR-DEMOLISHED		323 WEST BROADWAY	34
WR-DEMOLISHED		615 WEST OKLAHOMA	72
WR-DEMOLISHED		230-2 WEST OKLAHOMA	28
WR-DEMOLISHED		114 EAST OKLAHOMA (PART OF ANADARKO BANK & TRUST) 60	3UST) 60
WR-DEMOLISHED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	116 EAST OKLAHOMA (PART OF ANADARKO BAND &TRUST) 61	(UST) 61
WR-DEMOLISHED		119 EAST CENTRAL	9
WR-DEMOLISHED		124 WEST OKLAHOMA	.04
WR-DEMOLISHED		410 WEST OKLAHOMA - OLD	57
WR-DEMOLISHED	:	212-218 WEST OKLAHOMA (NOW 232)	29
WR-DEMOLISHED		307 WEST CENTRAL	28

PROPNAME	RESNAME		ADDRESS	BLO
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		113 WEST MAIN	10	27
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		109-111 WEST MAIN	109-111 WEST MAIN, BUILDING BEHIND	27
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED	****	105 EAST MAIN		56
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		107 EAST MAIN		56
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		113 EAST MAIN		56
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		115 EAST MAIN		56
HISTORIC DISTRICT-DEMOLISHED		116 EAST MAIN		,26

PROPNAME	RESNAME		ADDRESS BI	<u> </u>
<b>BUSINESS DISTRICT-</b>		213-215 EAST MAIN	25	25
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